

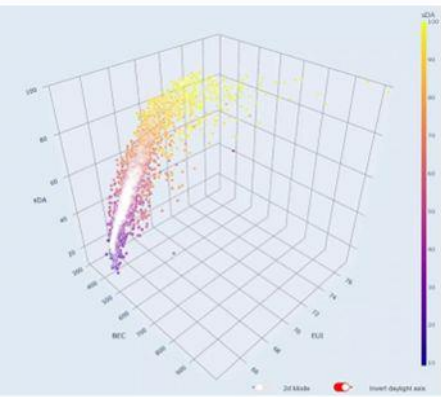
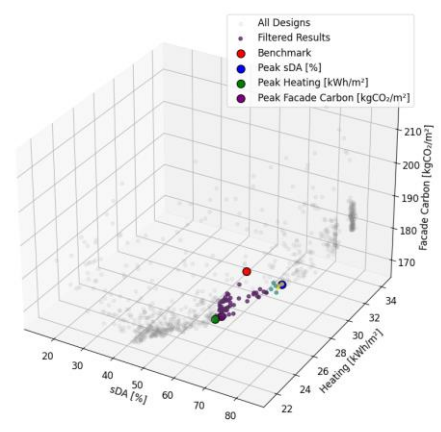


**HUMAN-CENTRED
EVIDENCE-BASED**

**AUGMENTED
INTELLIGENCE**

Diego Padilla-Philipps
Director, WSP





**HUMAN-CENTRED
EVIDENCE-BASED**

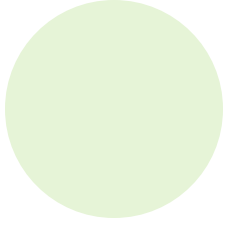
**AUGMENTED
INTELLIGENCE**



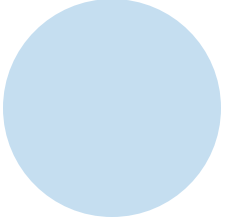
Sustainability

Human Intelligence

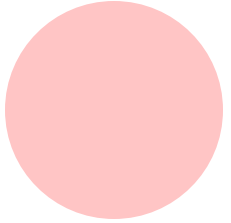
Artificial Intelligence



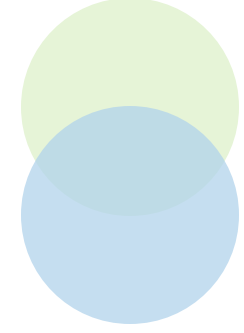
Performance-driven



Regenerative



Augmented intelligence



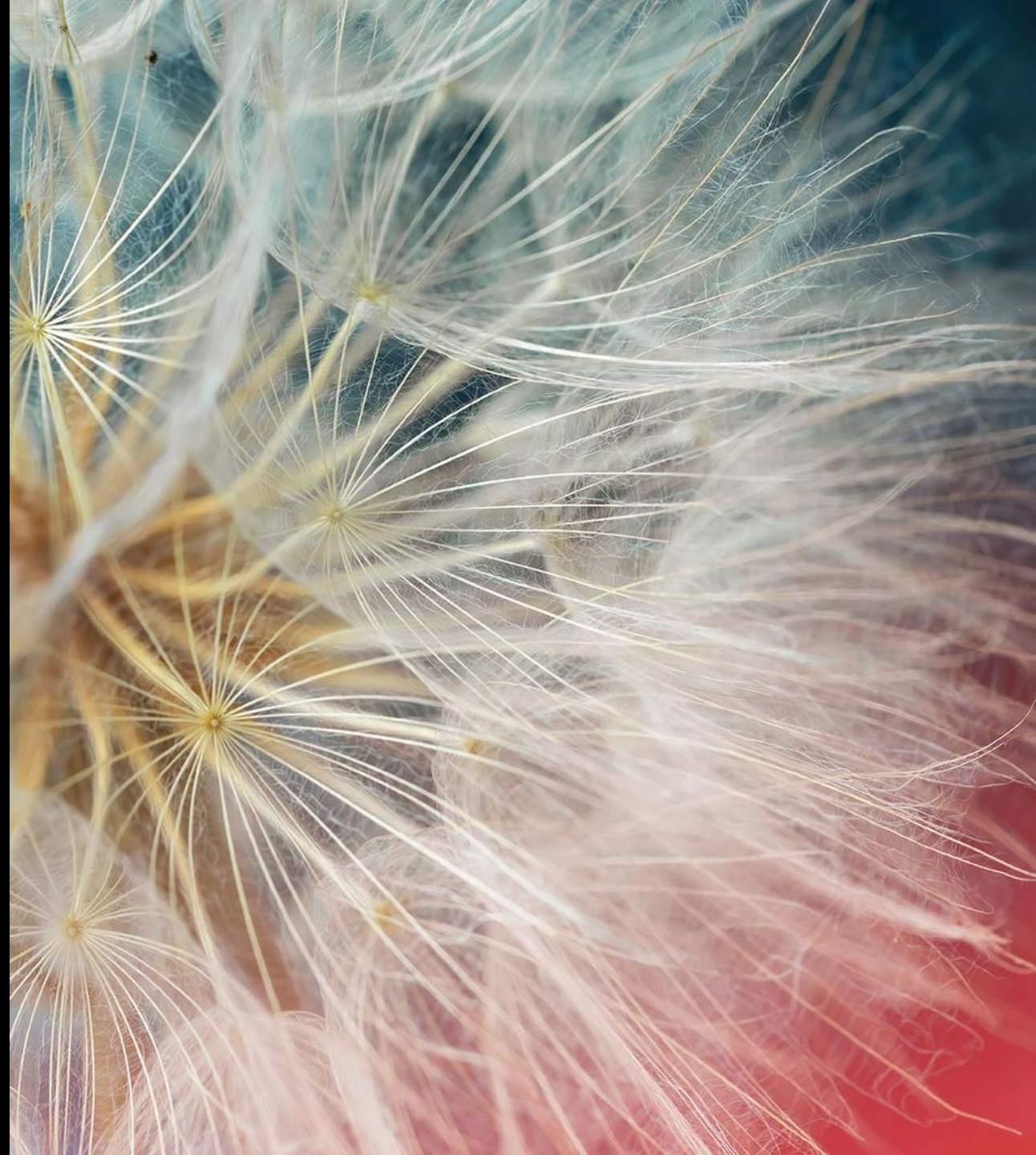
Performance informed human-driven



Performance-informed Human-driven Augmented Intelligence



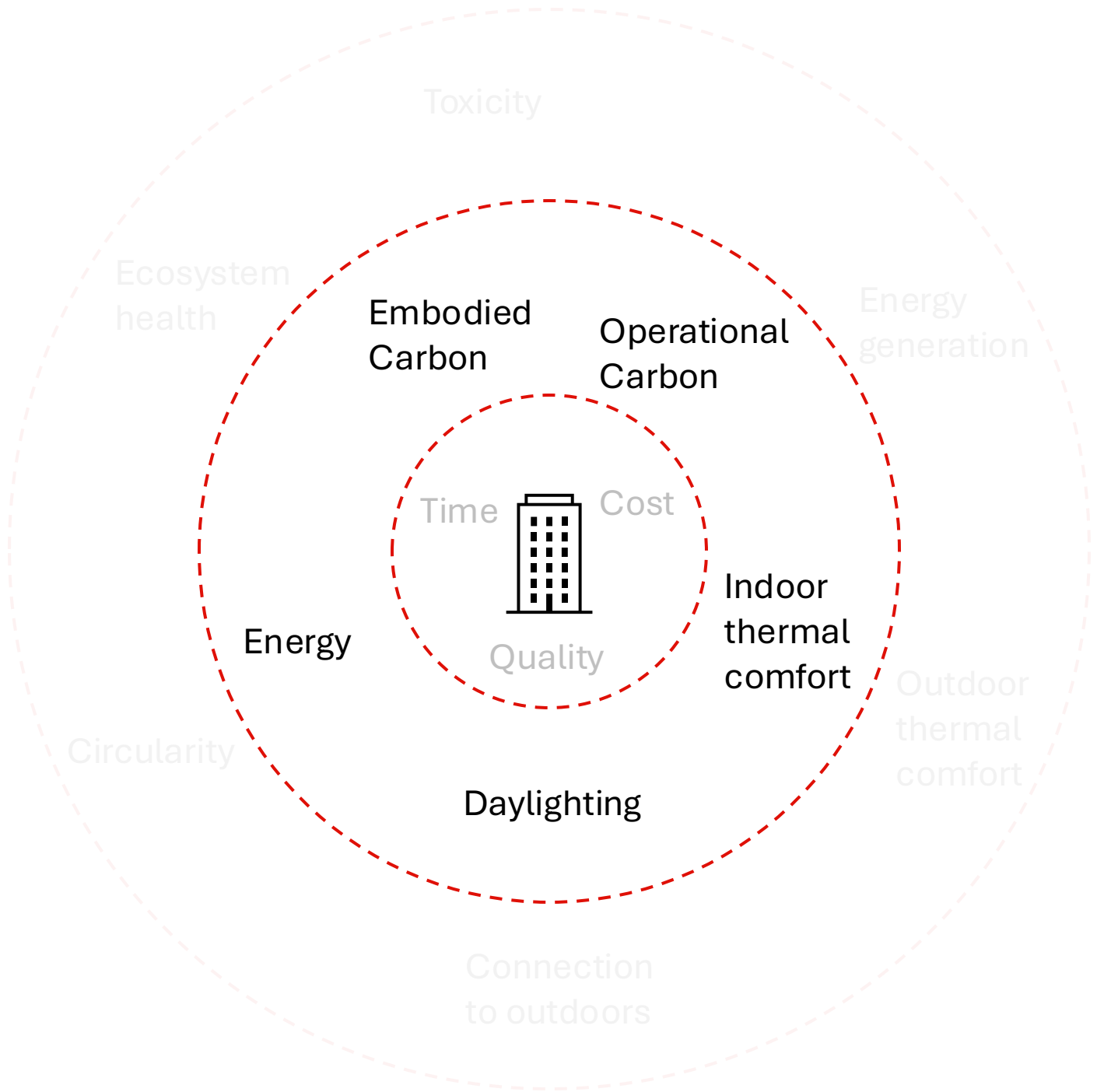
**TODAY'S *CONTEXT*
DEMANDS
BUILDING
PERFORMANCE
PLAY A KEY ROLE**



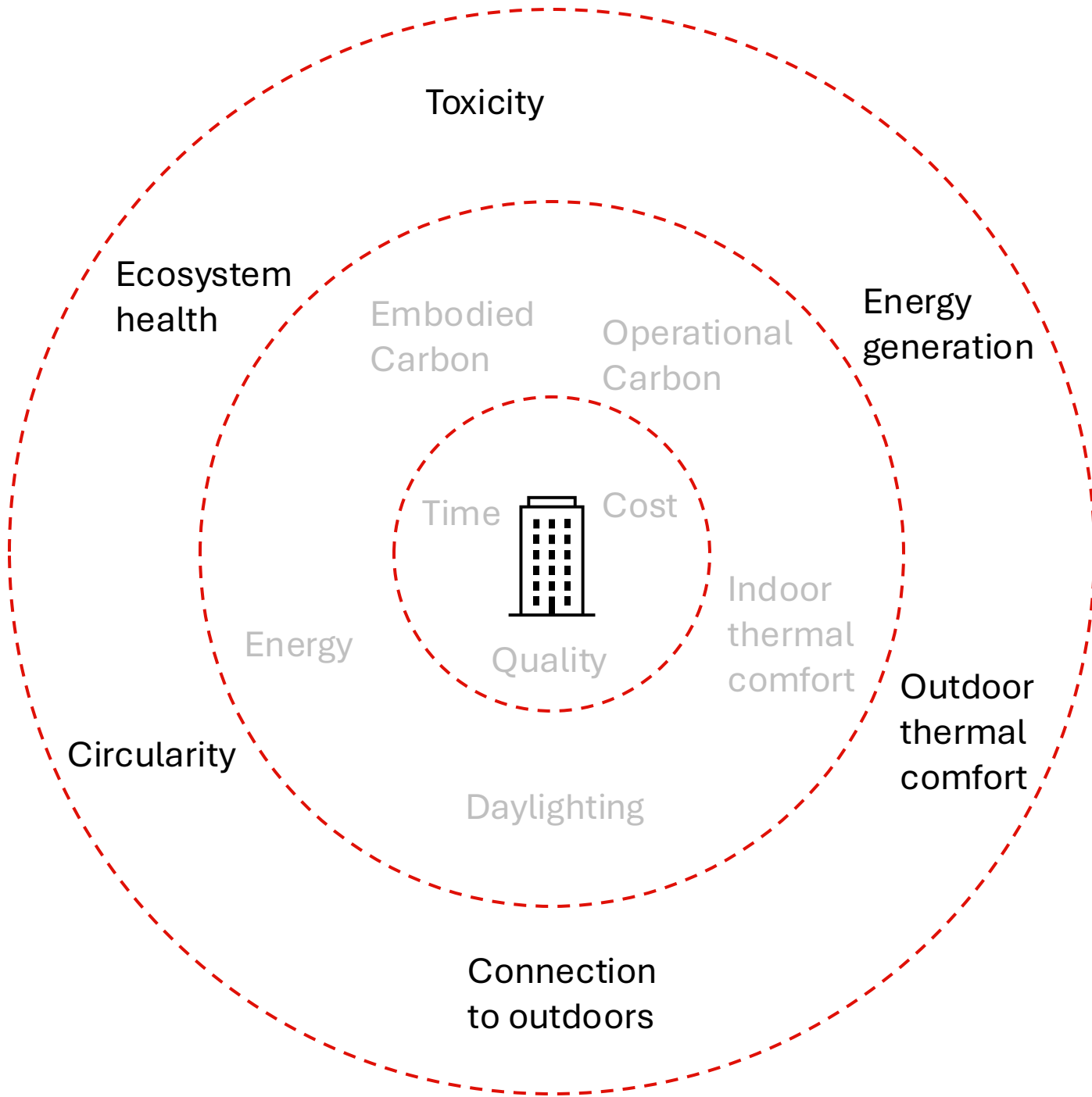
Whole-building
performance expands
beyond the traditional
KPIs...



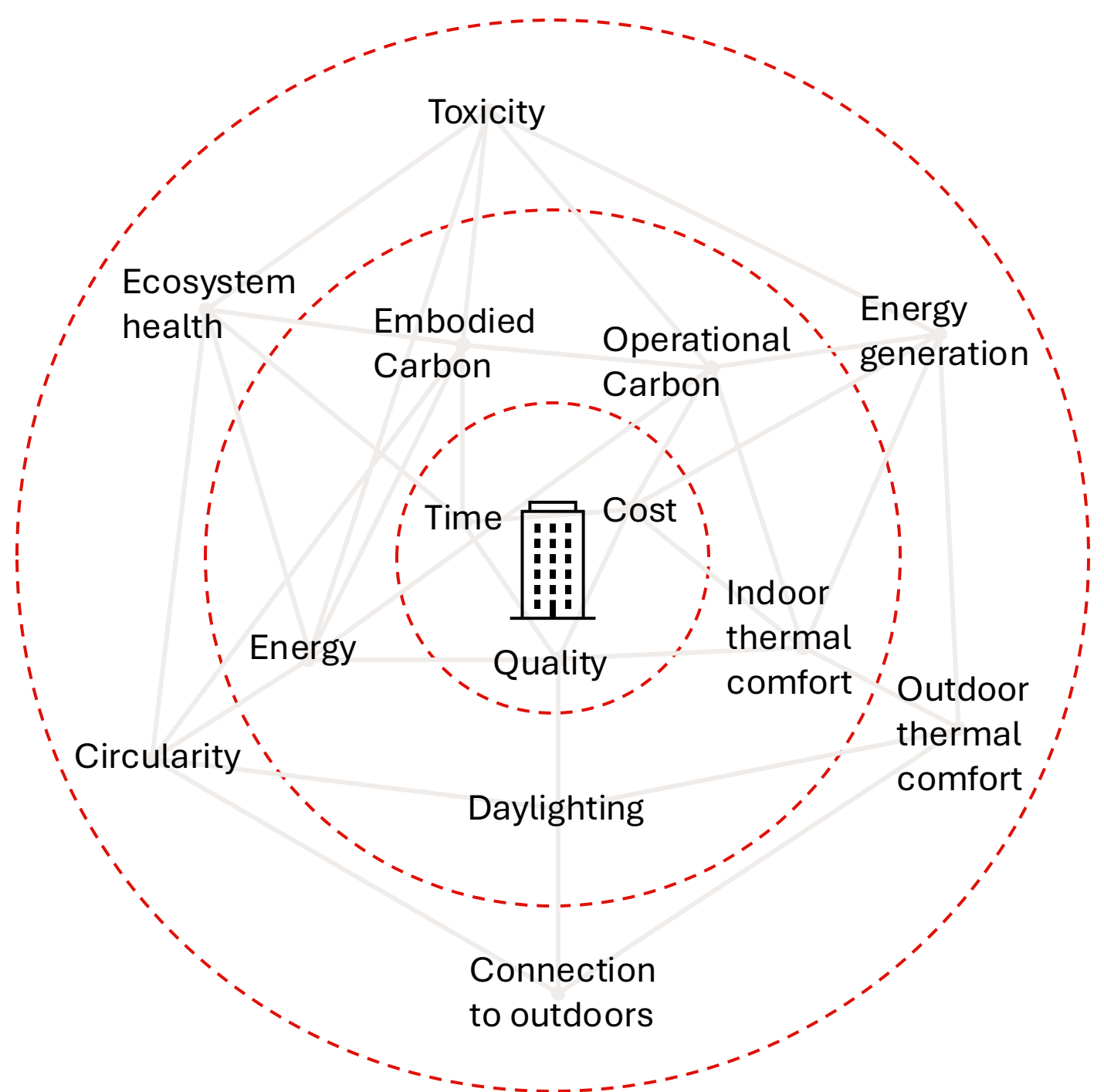
As the list of **performance objectives** continually grows...



And the "sense of place" in which a building exists expands...



Including its **interconnectedness** to each performance objective.





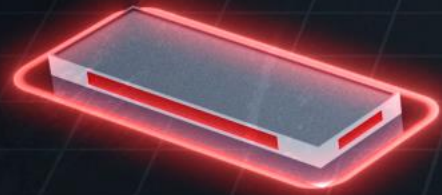
THE **INTERWOVEN** CHALLENGES





DAYLIGHT FACTOR

% of Floor Area

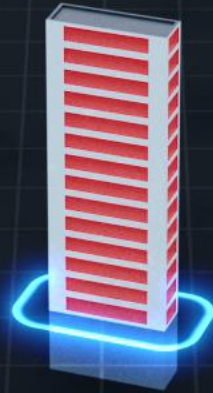


DAYLIGHT FACTOR



OPERATIONAL CARBON

KgCO₂/m²

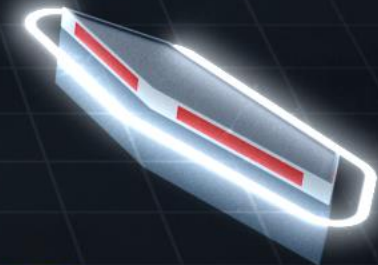


OPERATIONAL CARBON

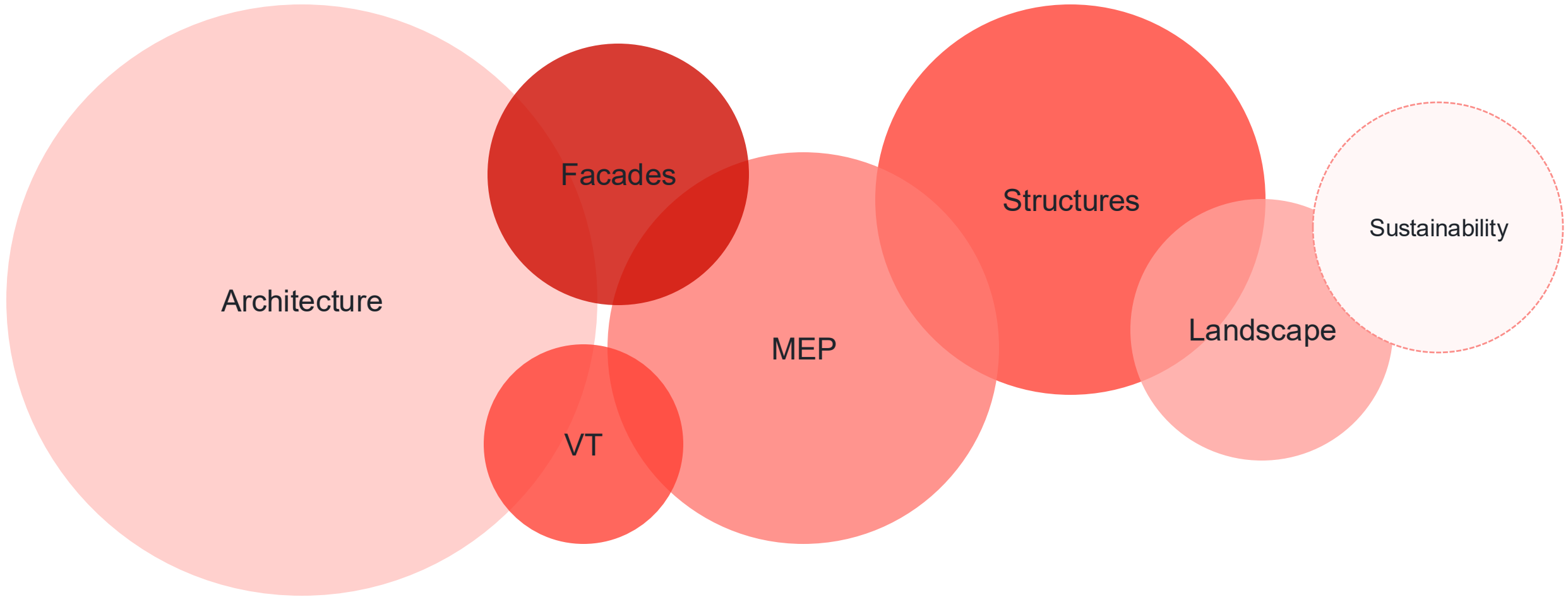


EMBODIED CARBON

KgCO₂/m²



EMBODIED CARBON



Architecture

Facades

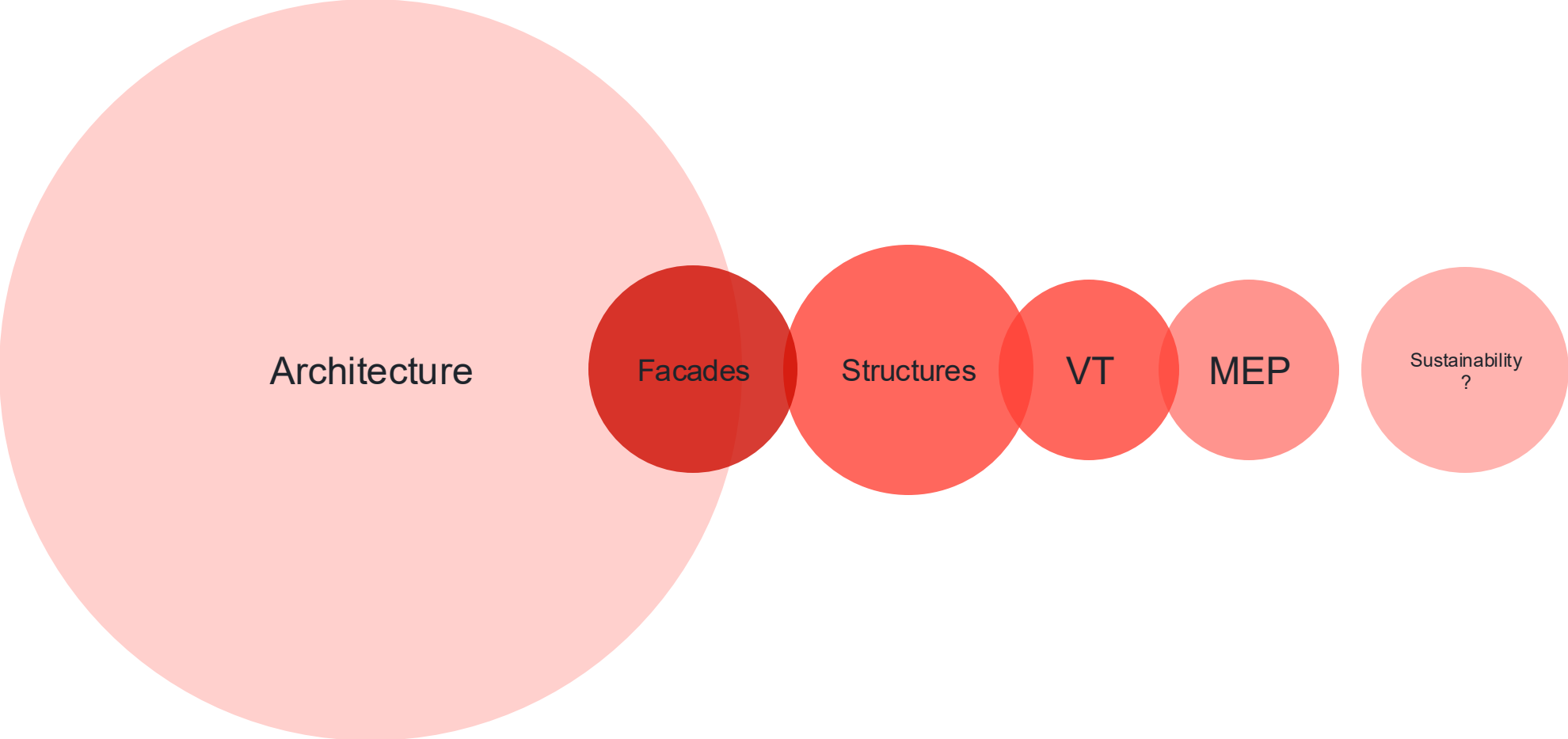
VT

MEP

Structures

Landscape

Sustainability



Architecture

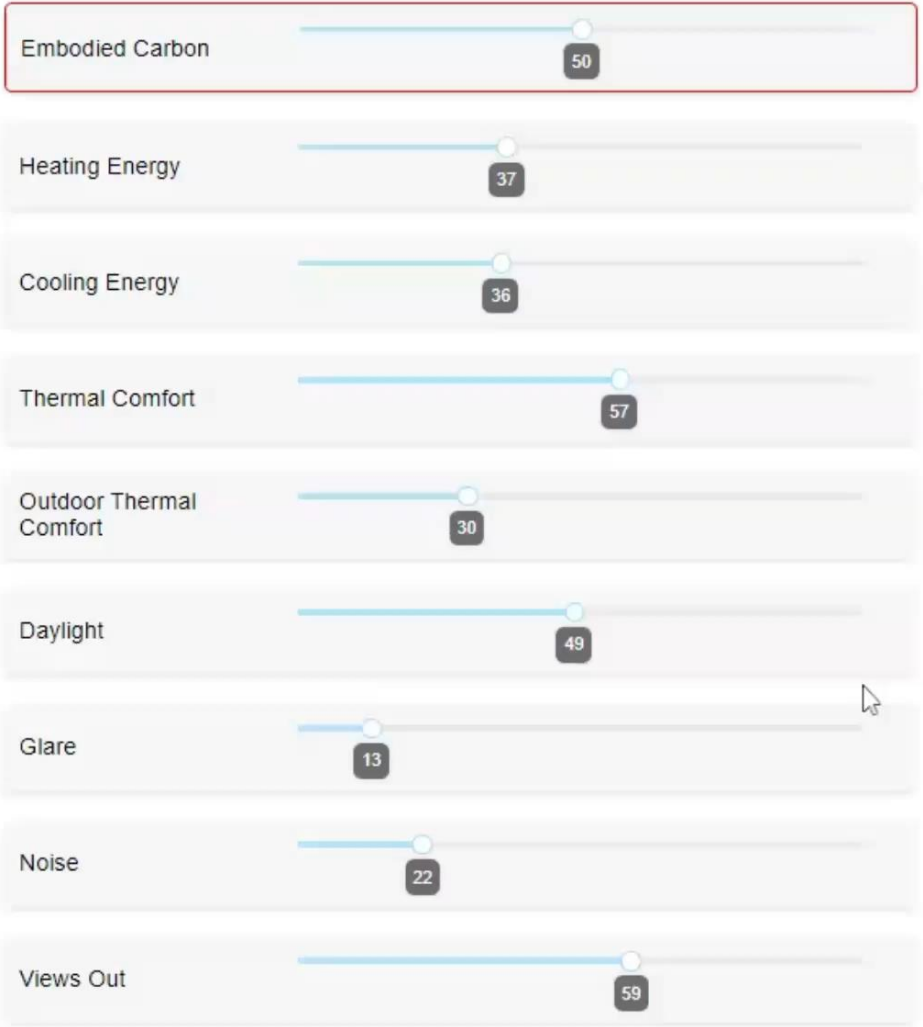
Facades

Structures

VT

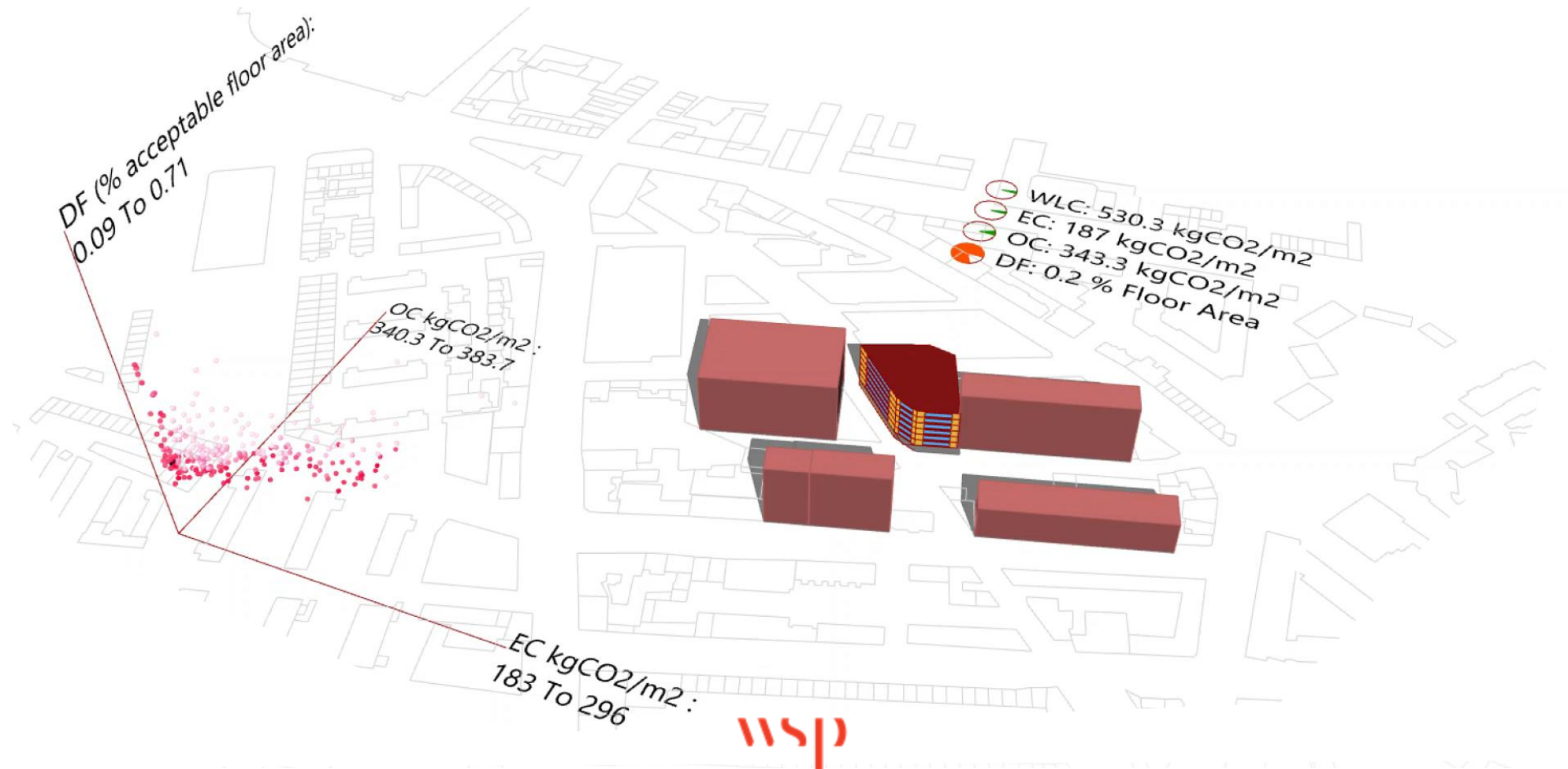
MEP

Sustainability
?

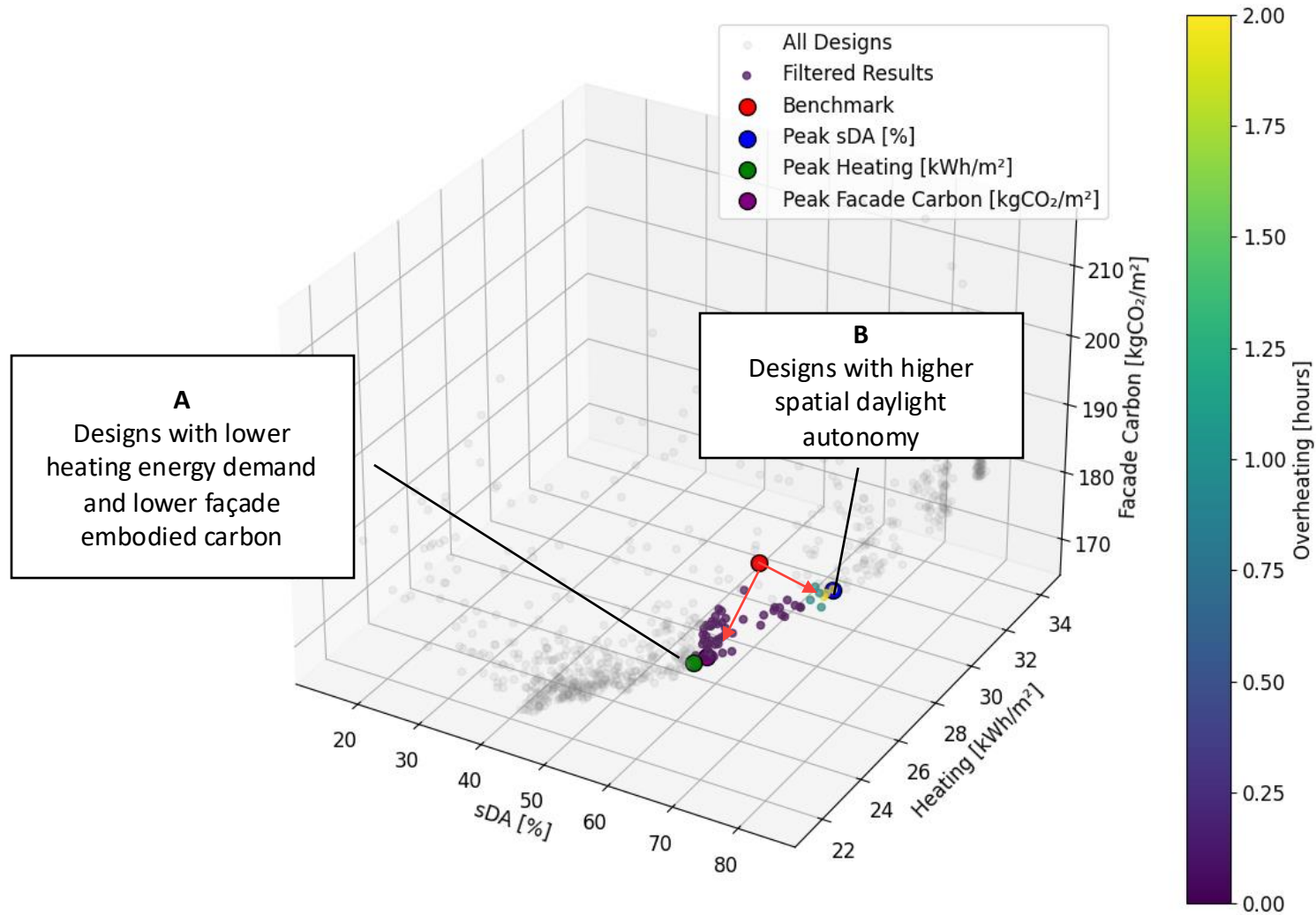


The Solution?

Co-Design enables multi-disciplinary optimisation
at the beginning of the project
to identify the solutions that benefit the project holistically.



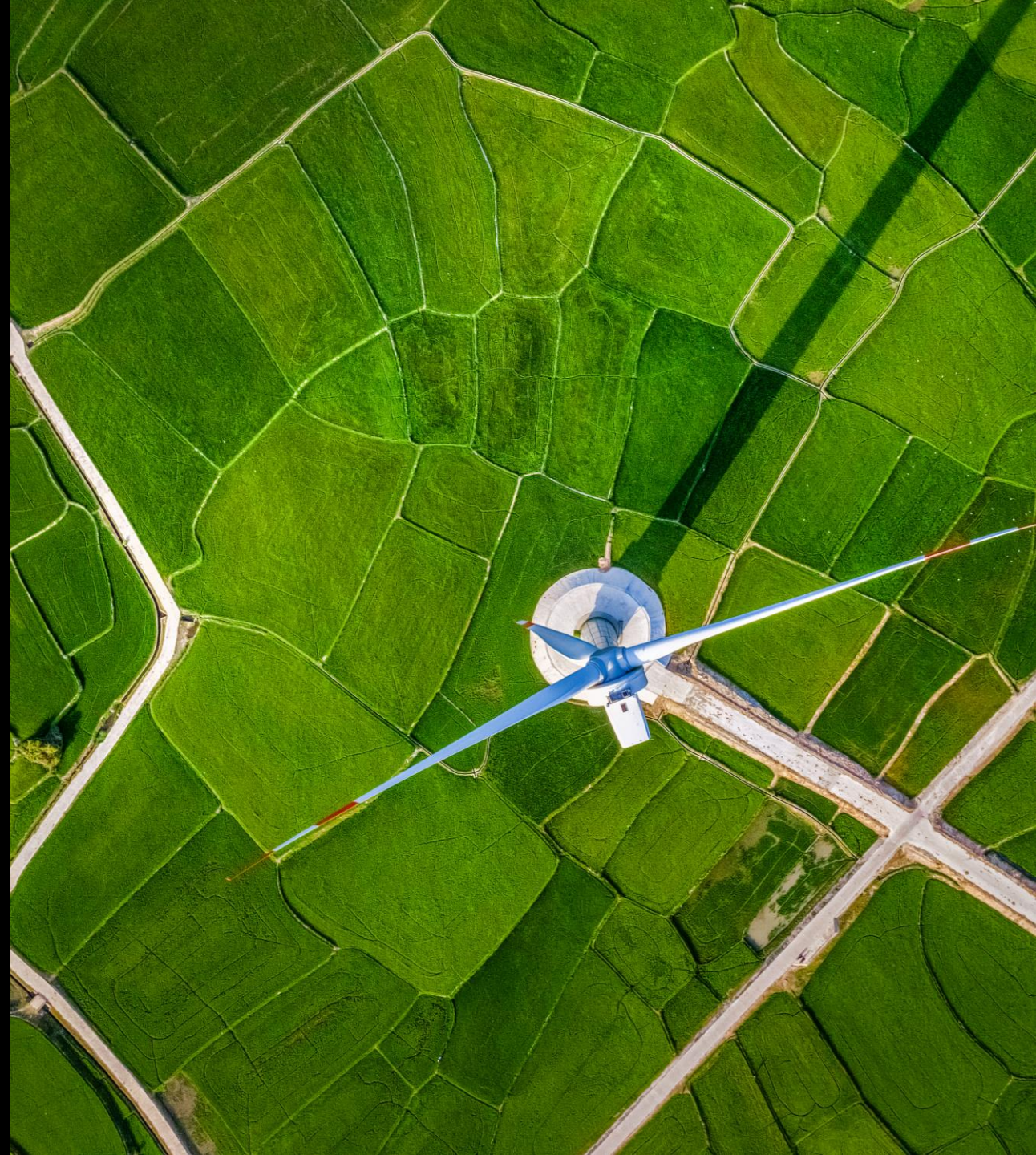
helping us filter and **identify** better designs
Using a powerful computational engine





CO-DESIGN FRAMEWORK:

PERFORMANCE-INFORMED,
HUMAN-DRIVEN DESIGN



**“Co-design is a systems-level,
integrative design approach that
unites multiple disciplines to
collaboratively address the complexities
of whole-building performance”**

Framework pillars

01

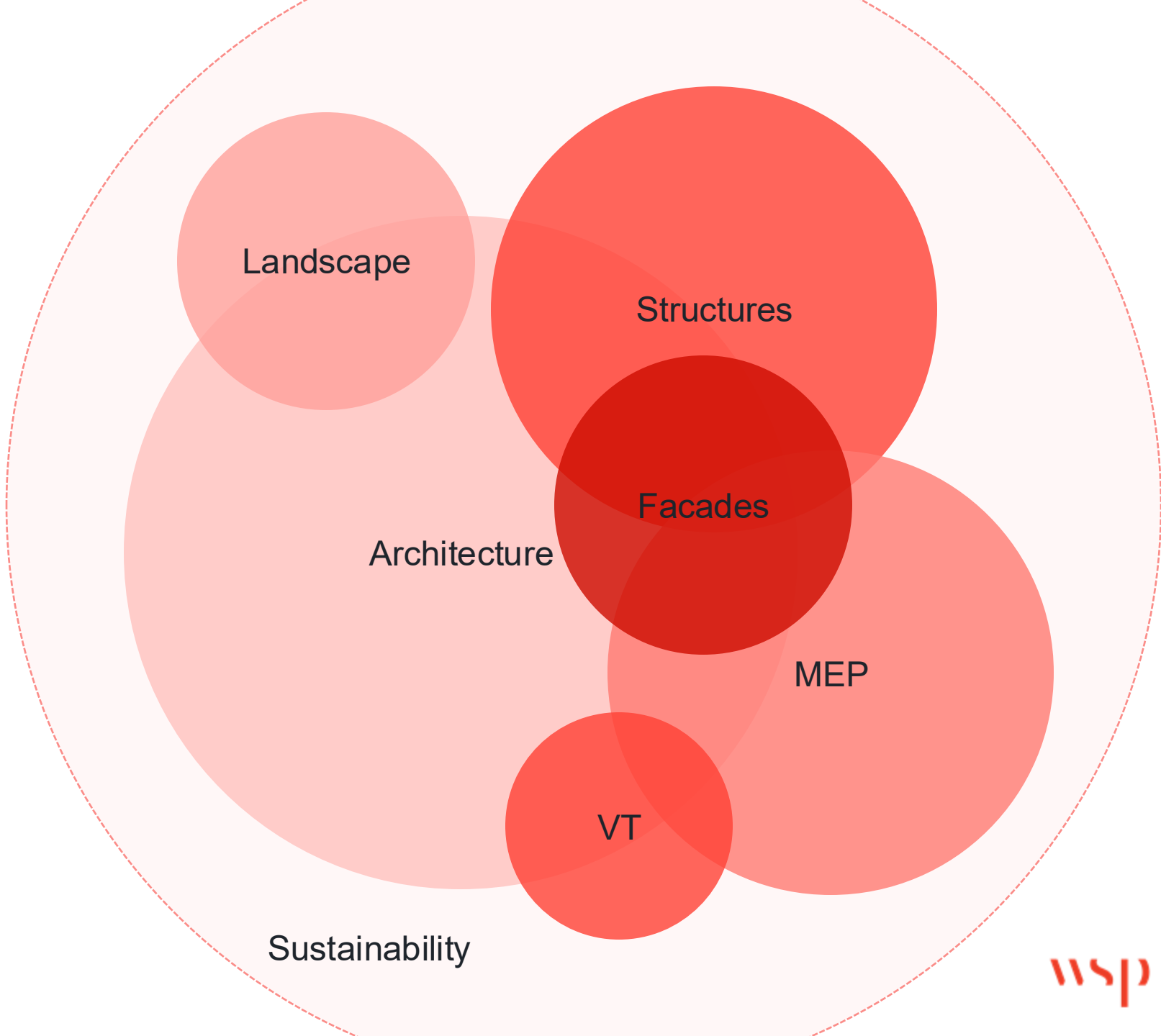
Multi-disciplinary
collaboration

02

Early-stage asset
simulation

03

Evidence-based
decision making



Landscape

Structures

Architecture

Facades

MEP

VT

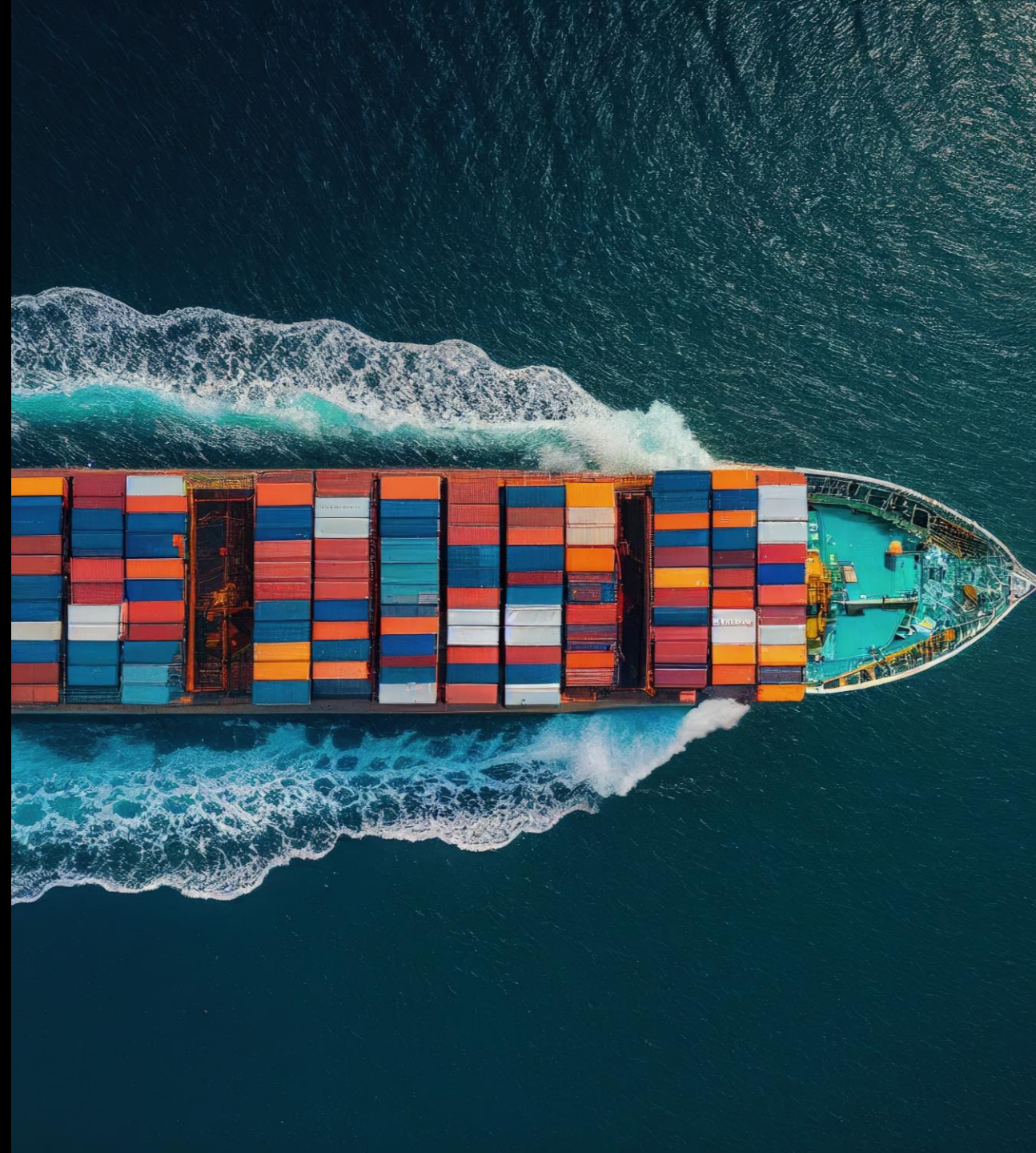
Sustainability





CO-DESIGN EXAMPLES:

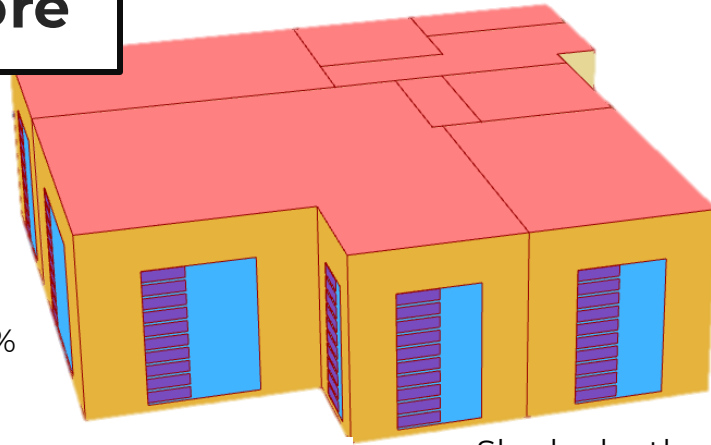
IN PRACTICE



At a single unit level

Small changes led to better performance

Before

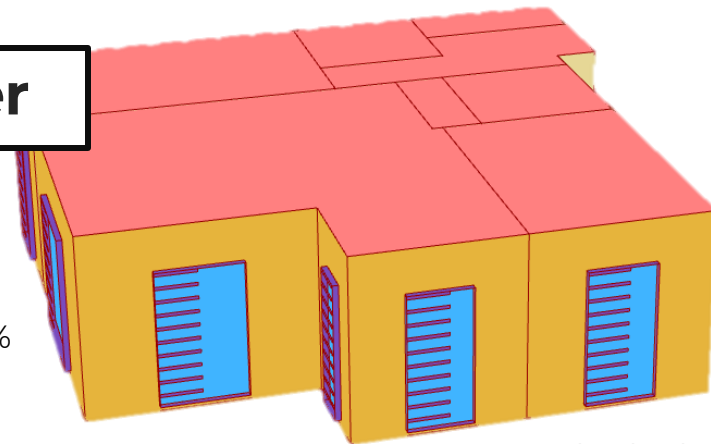


WWR: 0.35 %

Transparency: 0.20 %

Shade depth: 0.0 m

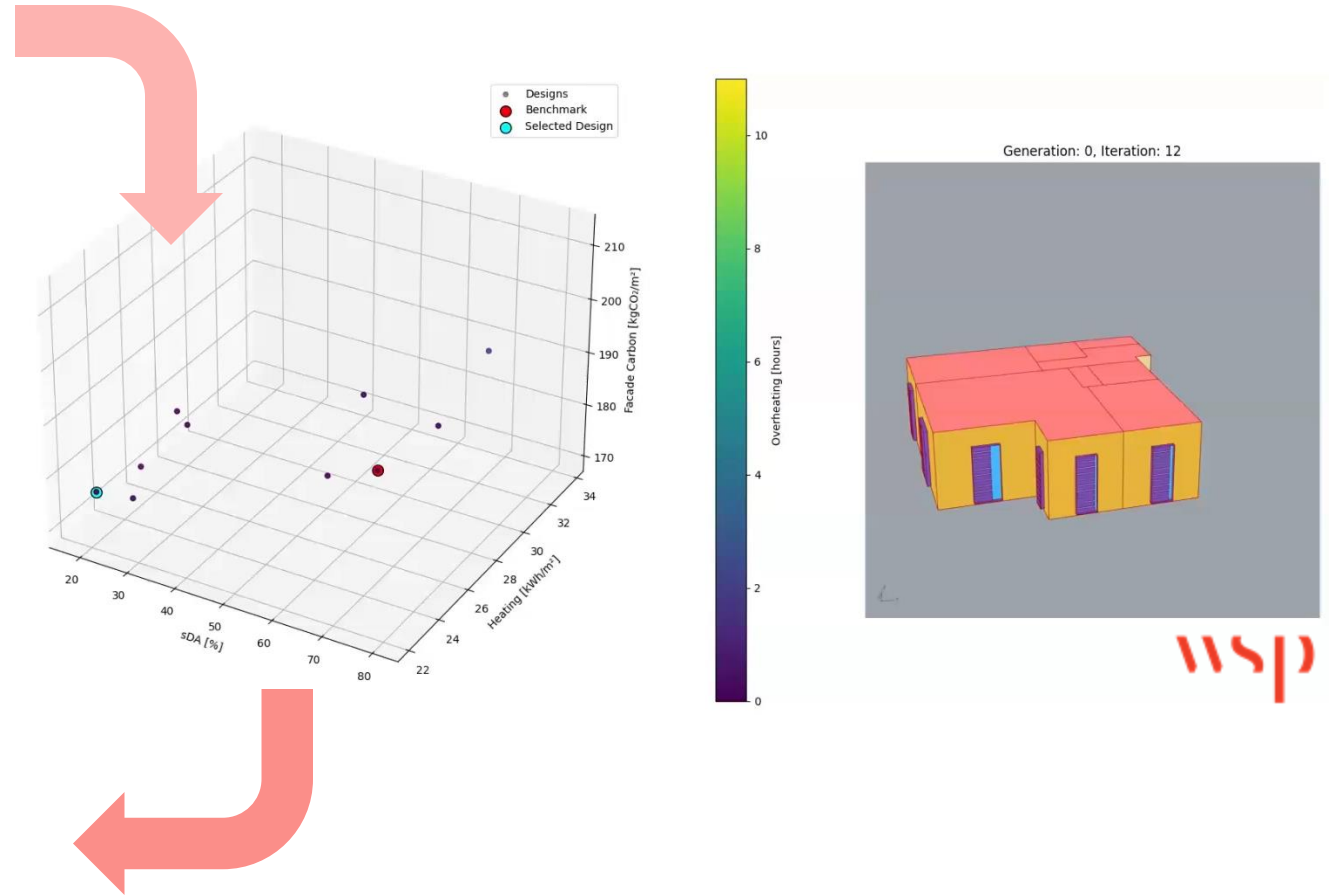
After



WWR: 0.28 %

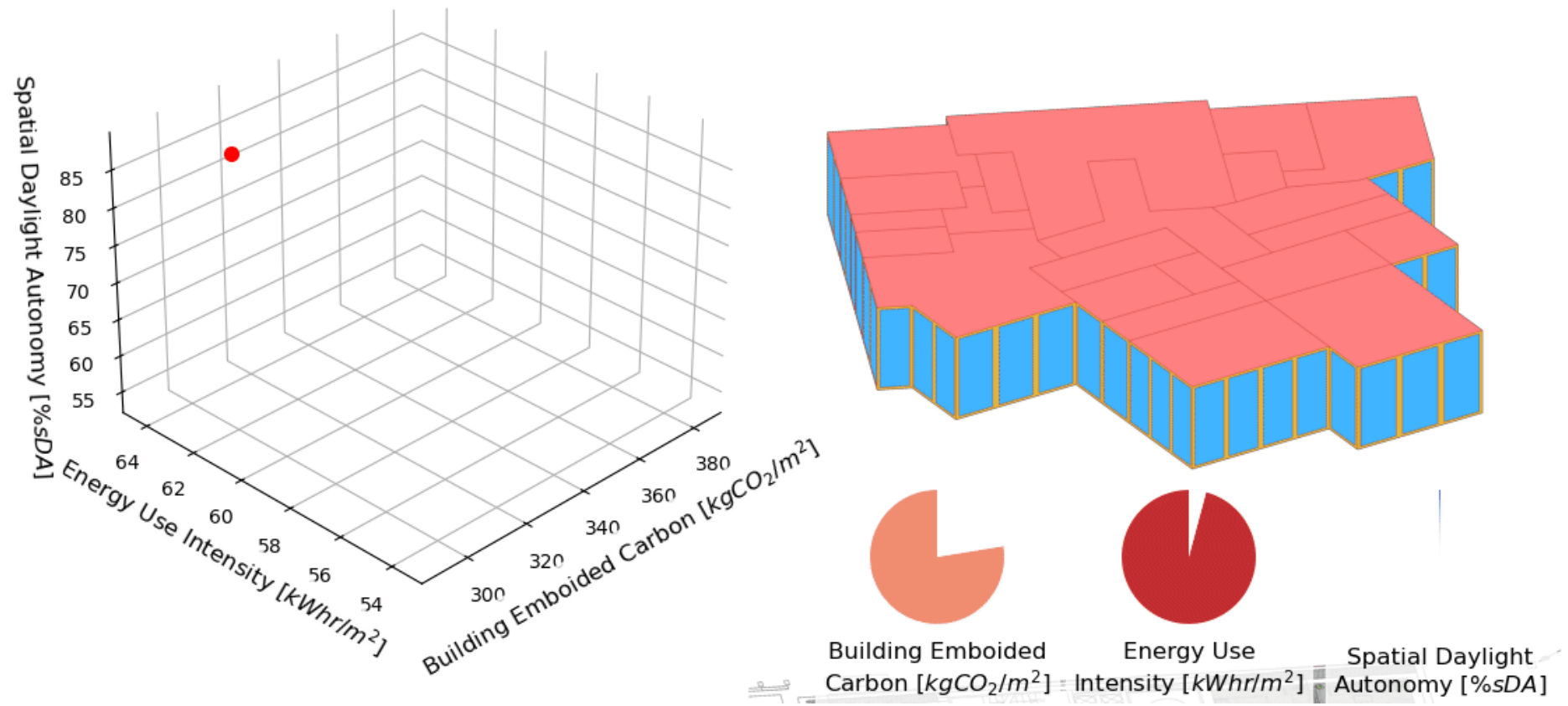
Transparency: 0.77 %

Shade depth: 0.09 m



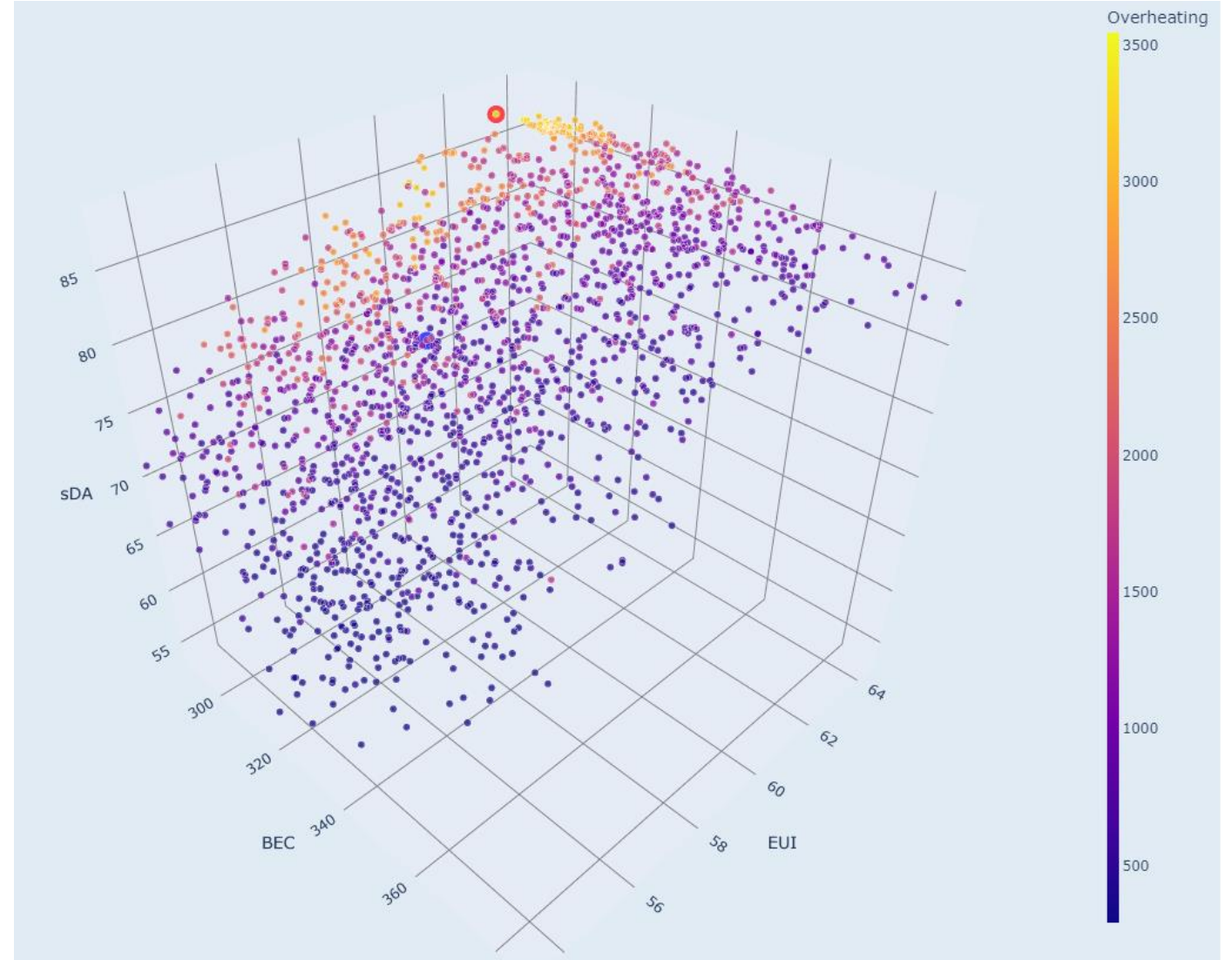
A whole floor

Being able to test thousands of options



Results

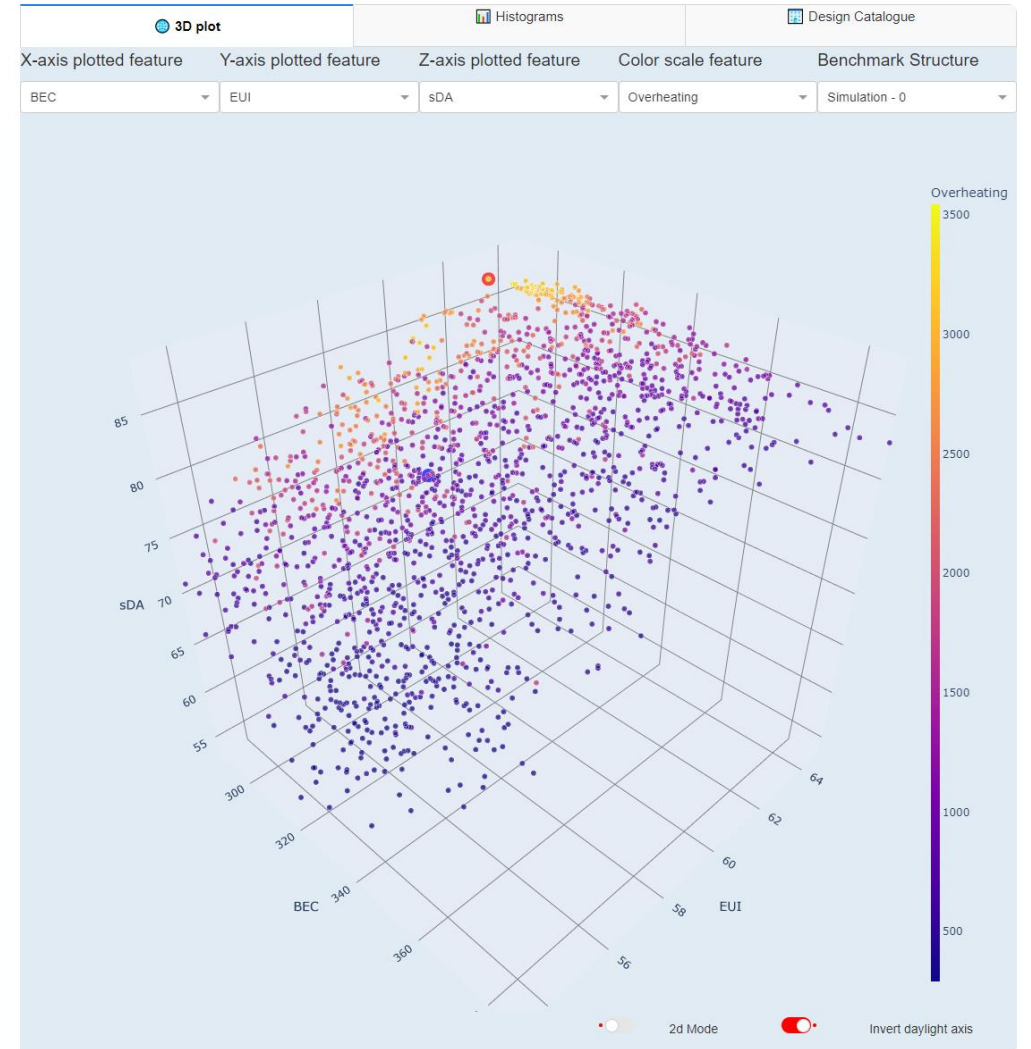
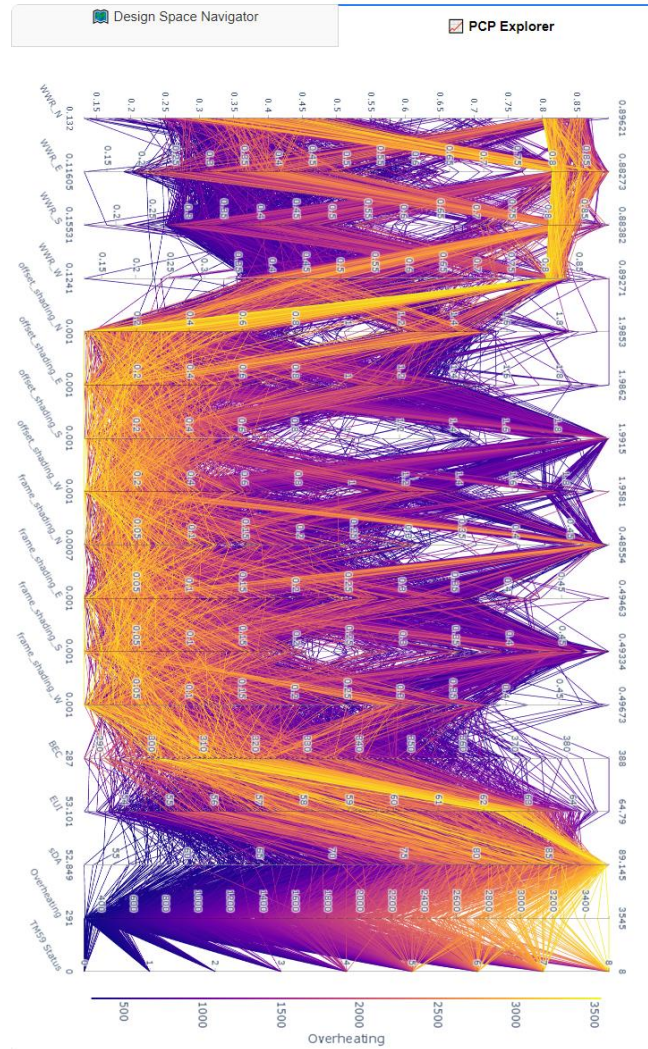
Over 1,750 simulation of embodied carbon, energy use, daylight penetration and overheating ran.



Select BEC performance

Filter to identify designs with:

Embodied Carbon <320kg/CO2/m2



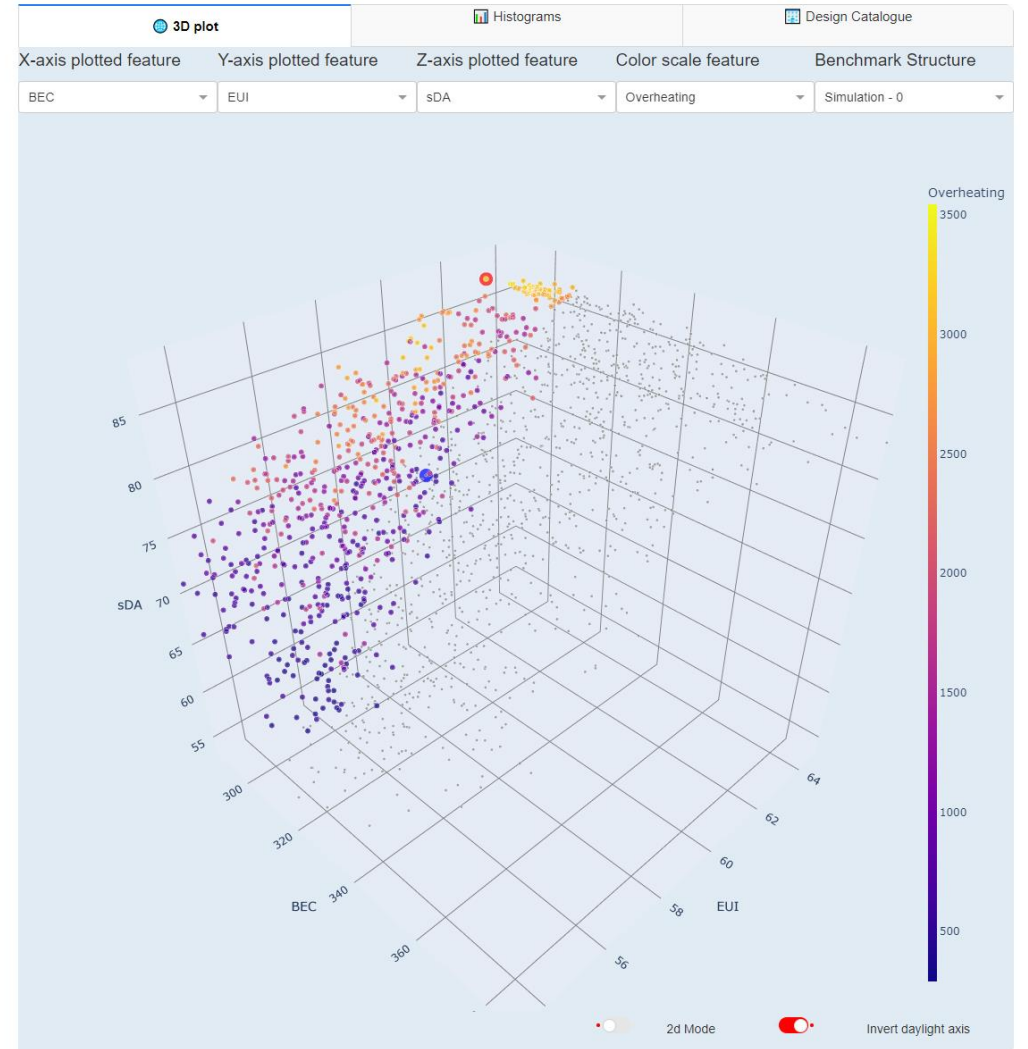
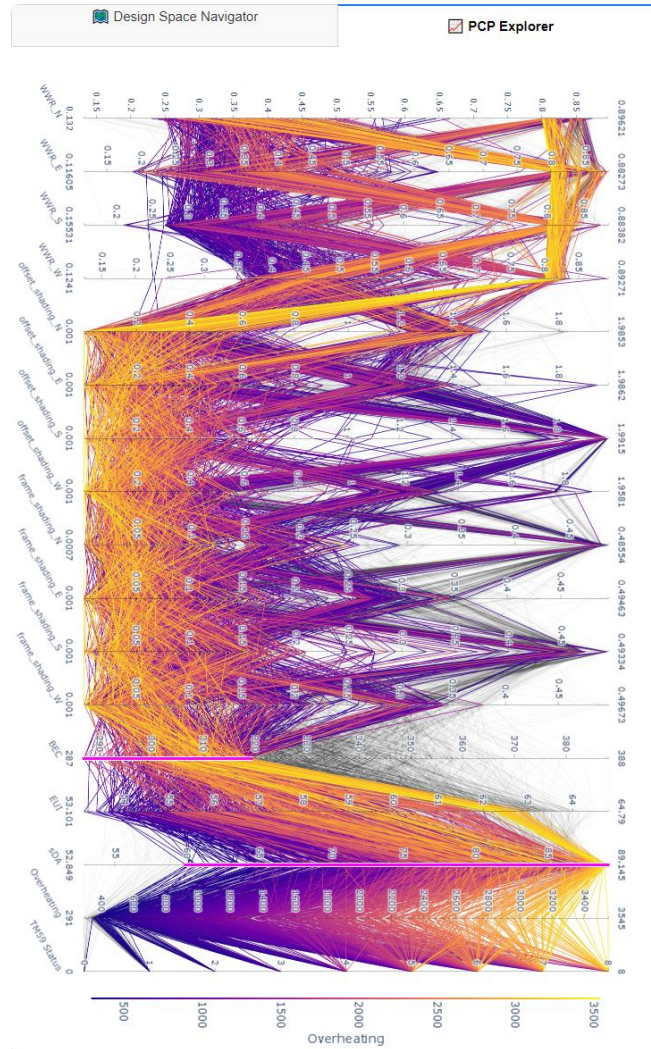
Select sDA performance

Filter to identify designs with:

Embodied Carbon <320kg/CO2/m2

and

Spatial Daylight >60%



Select EUI performance

Filter to identify designs with:

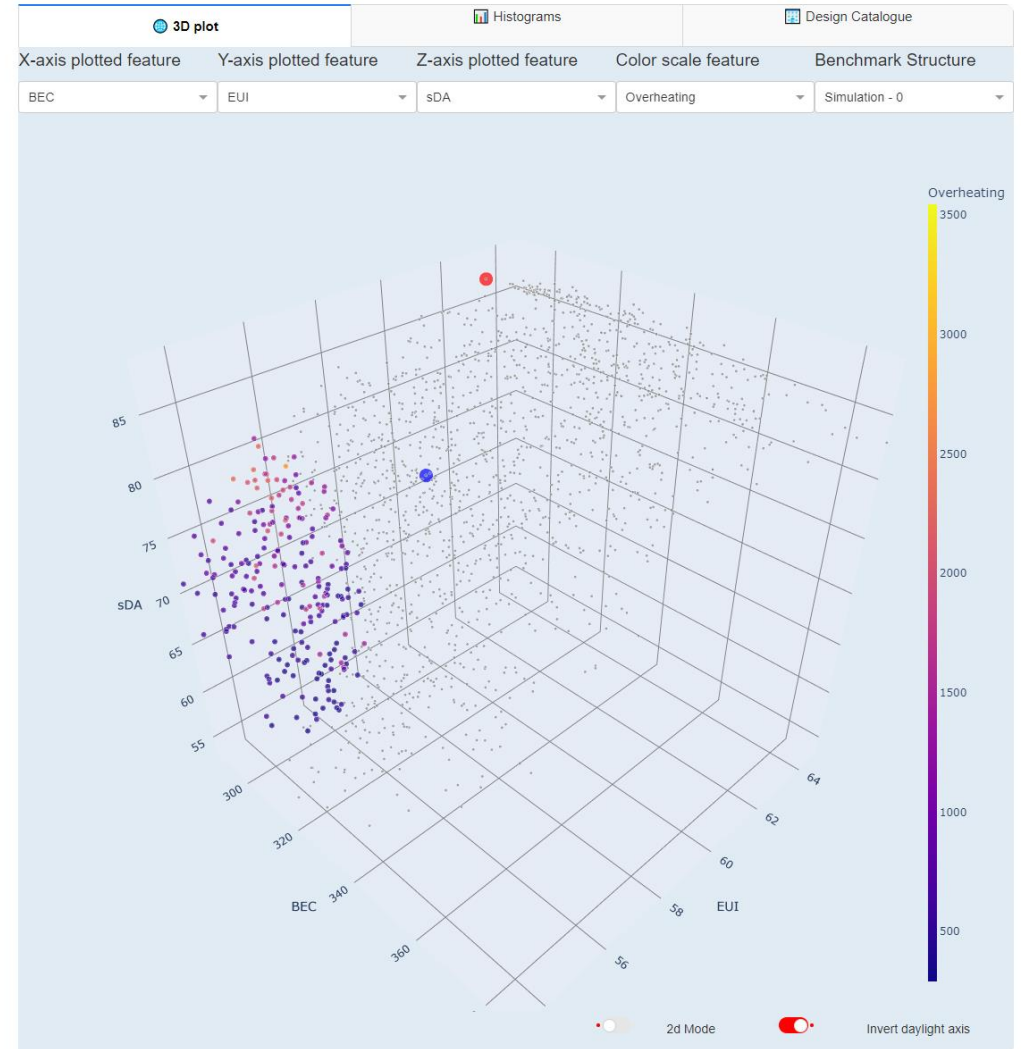
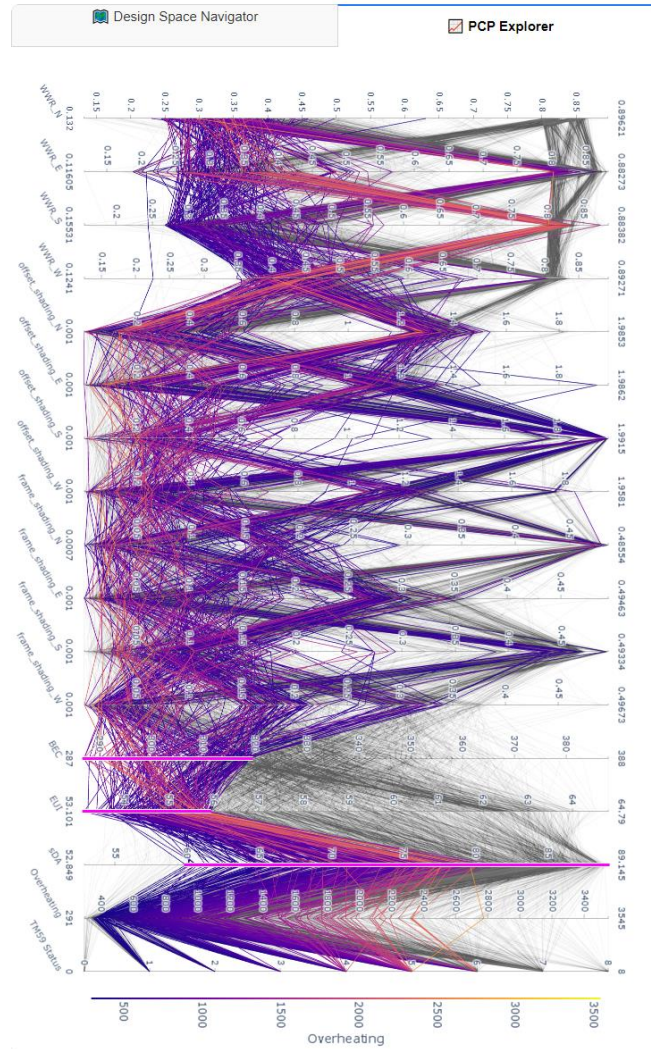
Embodied Carbon <320kg/CO2/m2

and

Spatial Daylight >60%

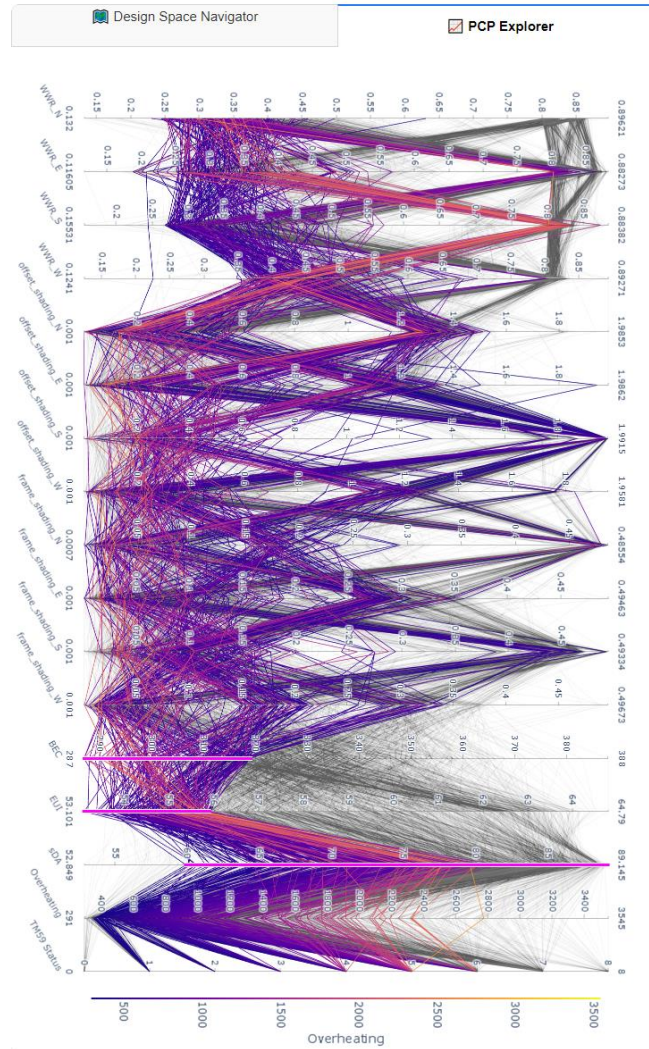
and

Energy Use Intensity < 56kWhr/m2

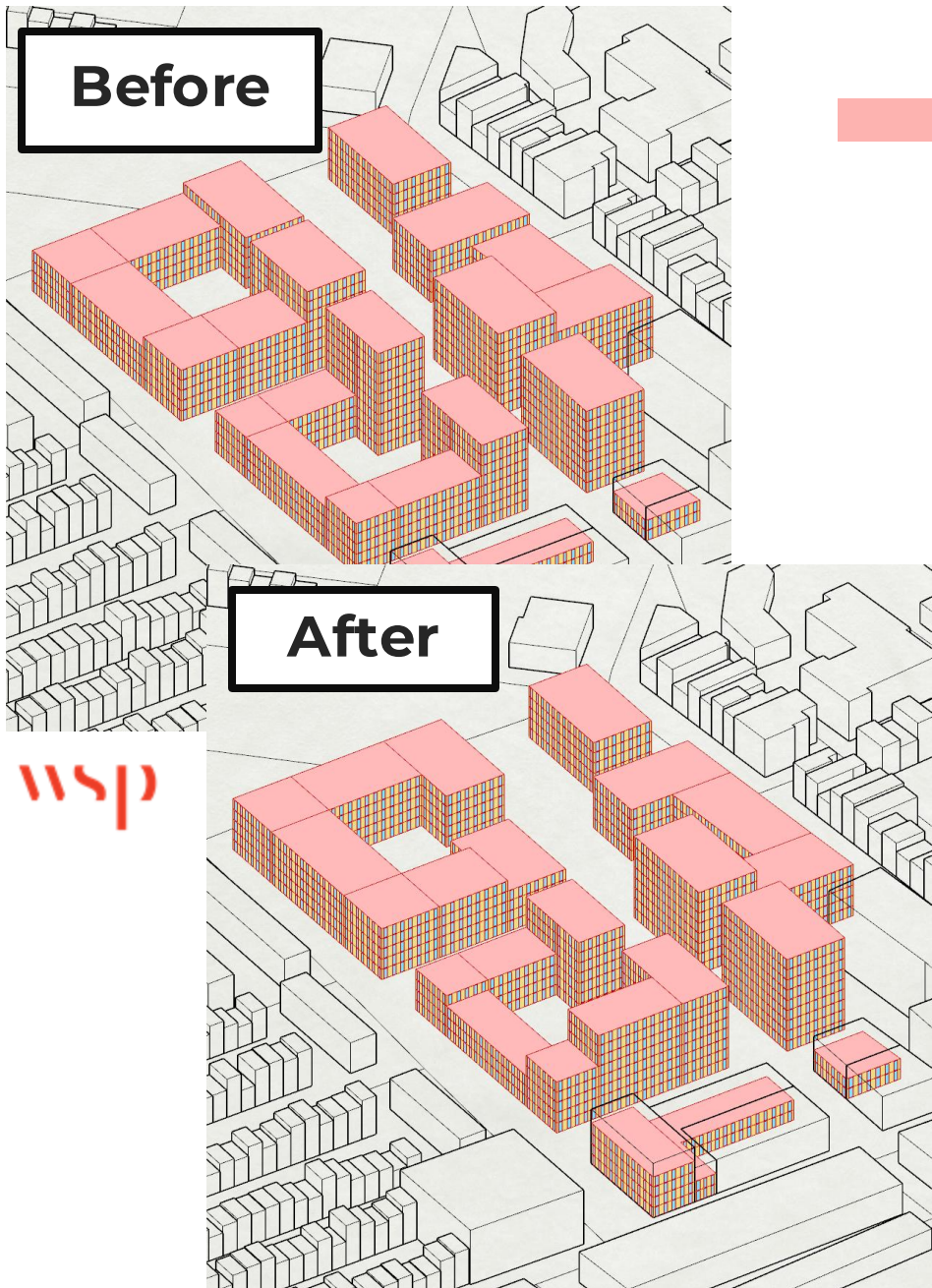


Going deeper – looking at specific designs

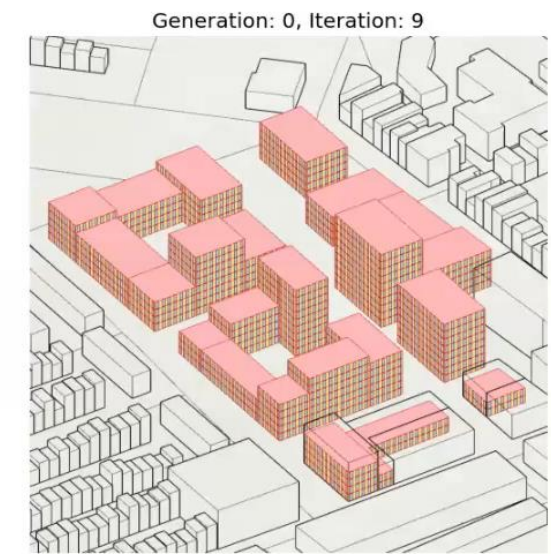
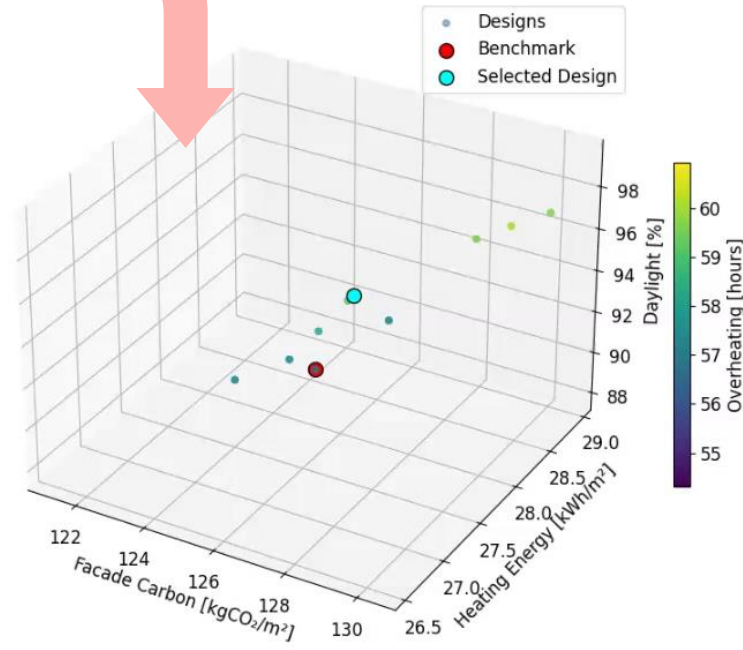
The **design catalogue** allows us to compare the extremities of the design space for the filtered dataset.



BEC <320kg/CO₂/m² & sDA>60% & EUI<56kWhr/m²



Full site masterplan



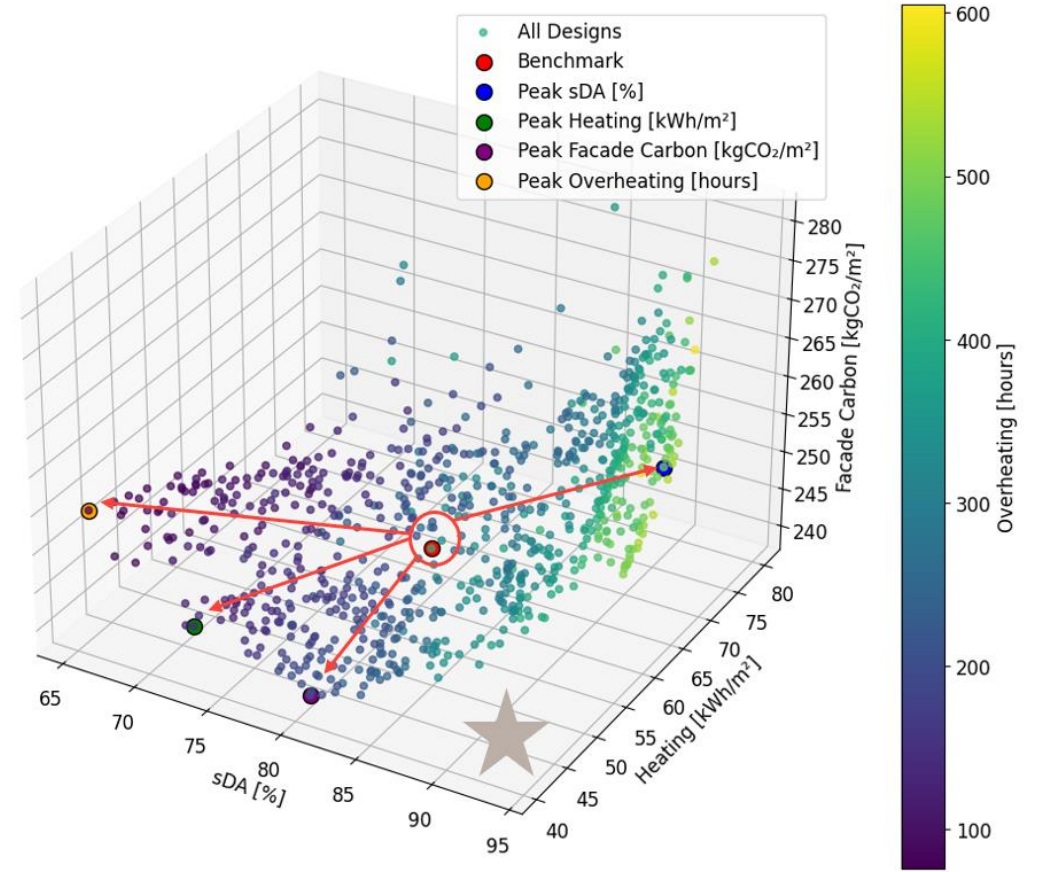
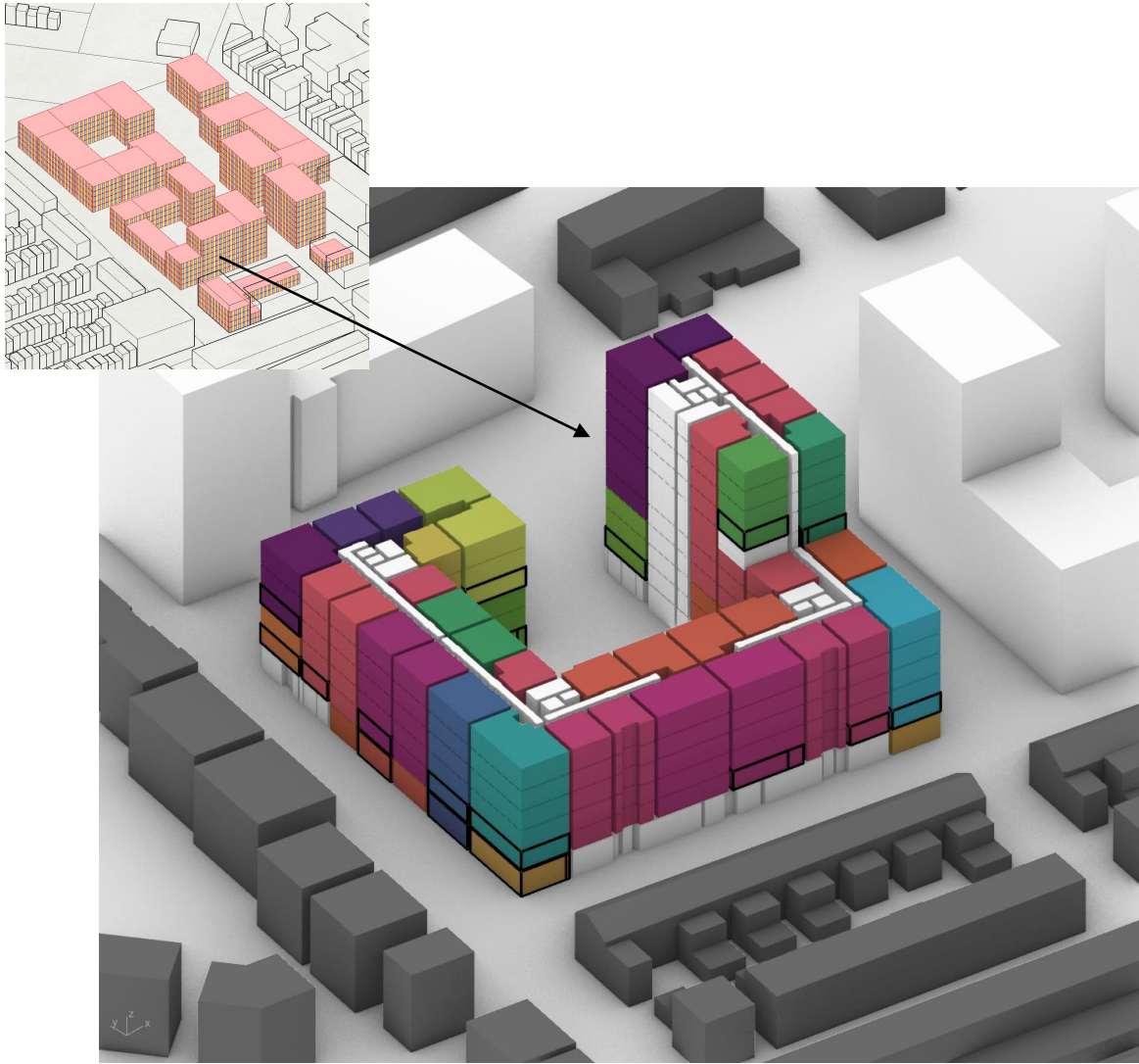
182 tCO₂ Reduction

£420,000 savings (less façade area)

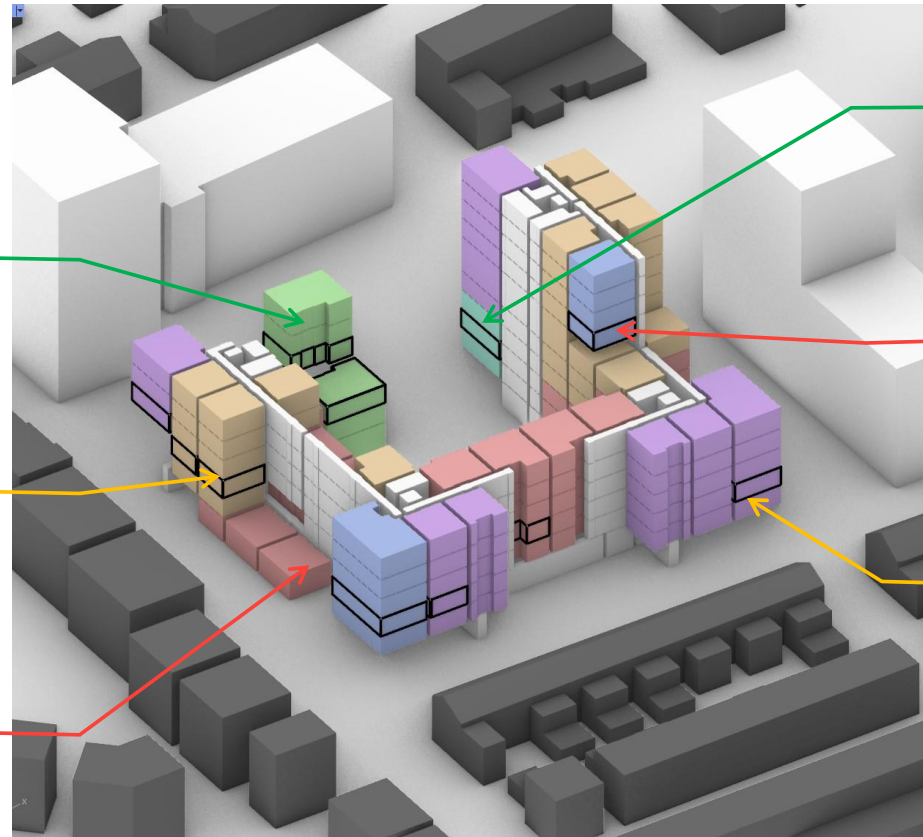
Reduce Heating Bills

Reduce Overheating Risk

Maintain Access to daylight



Design Solutions



A3

Improve daylight

- Minor increase in glazing ratio
- Addition of some shading
- Evenly spaced windows

A2

Improve daylight

- Minor fabric upgrade (g -value increase)
- Increase glazing ratio
- Restricted to Part-L limits

A1

Improve daylight

- Layout change
- *And/or* glazing ratio increase + fabric upgrade
- Restricted to Part-L limits

B1

Reduce energy

- Minor decrease in glazing ratio
- Evenly spaced windows

C1

Reduce overheating risk

- Reduce glazing ratio or add shading (or both)
- “Design out” cooling

C2

Reduce overheating risk

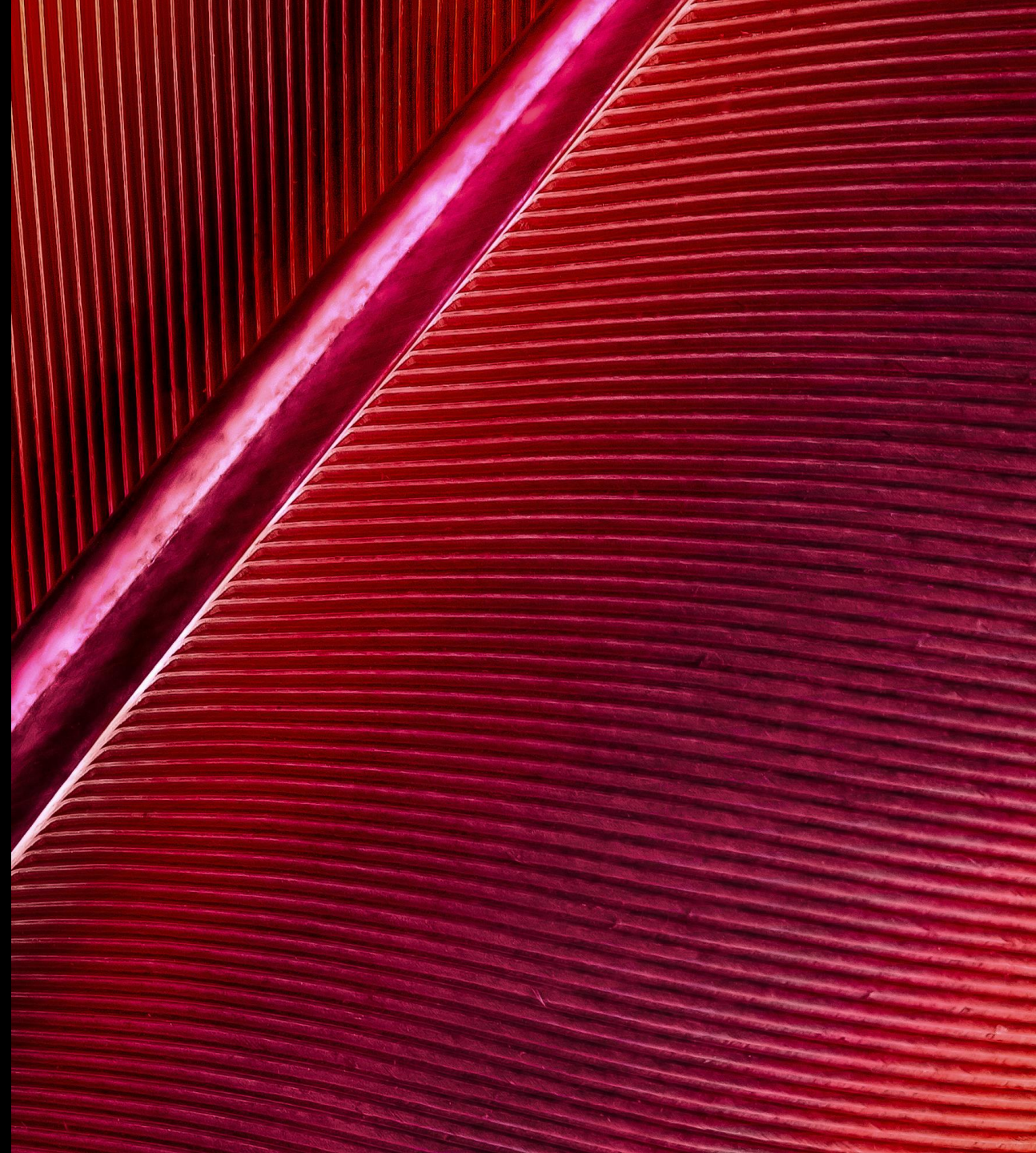
- Reduce glazing ratio
- *And/or* add shading



- Significant risk
- Moderate risk
- Low risk

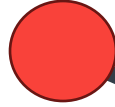
wsp

A NEW DESIGN
PARADIGM



The traditional workflow

The Dream



"value" engineering

What we can afford

Co-Design

The most efficient solution



The best product

Brief

Concept

Design

Construction



wsp

THE **AI** TRANSFORMATION

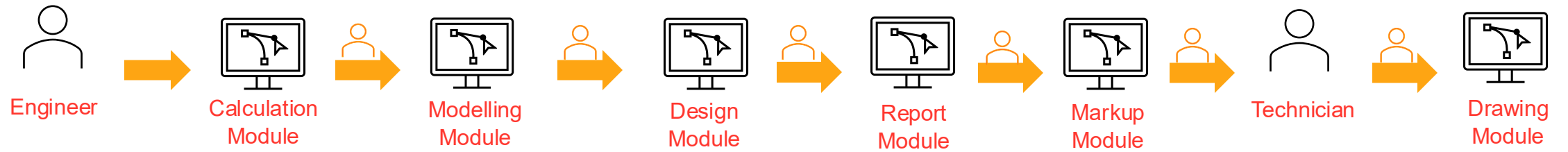




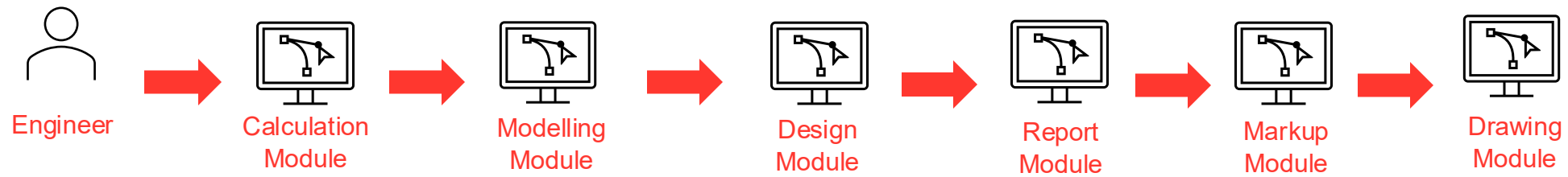
Current Design Workflow



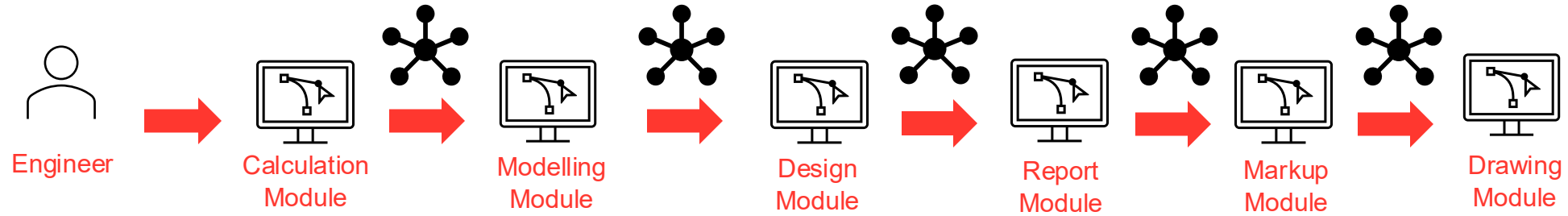
Stage 1: Modular Workflow



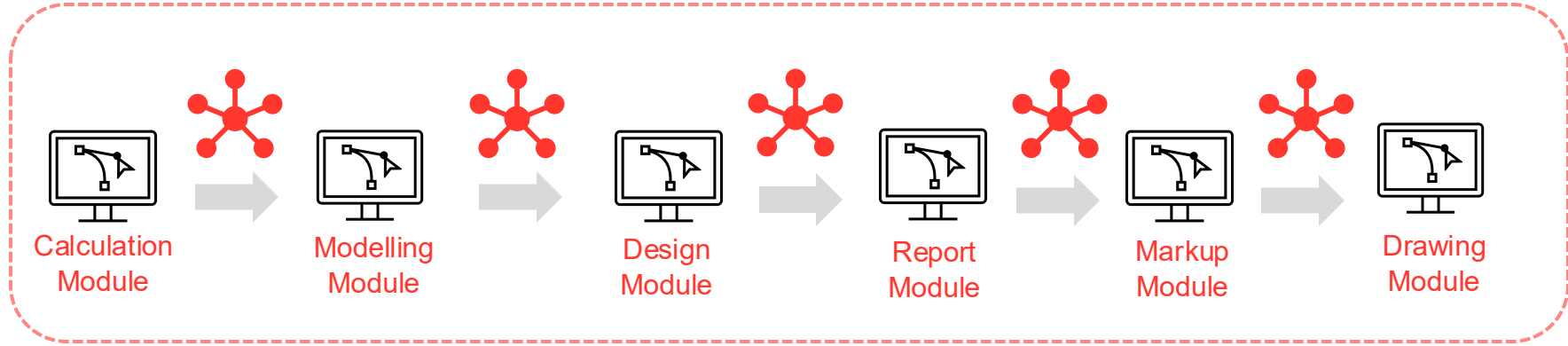
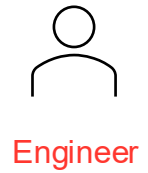
Stage 3: Modular Automation



Stage 4: Agentic Pipeline



Digital Colleague



Calculation
Module

Modelling
Module

Design
Module

Report
Module

Markup
Module

Drawing
Module

Engineer



Digital Colleague

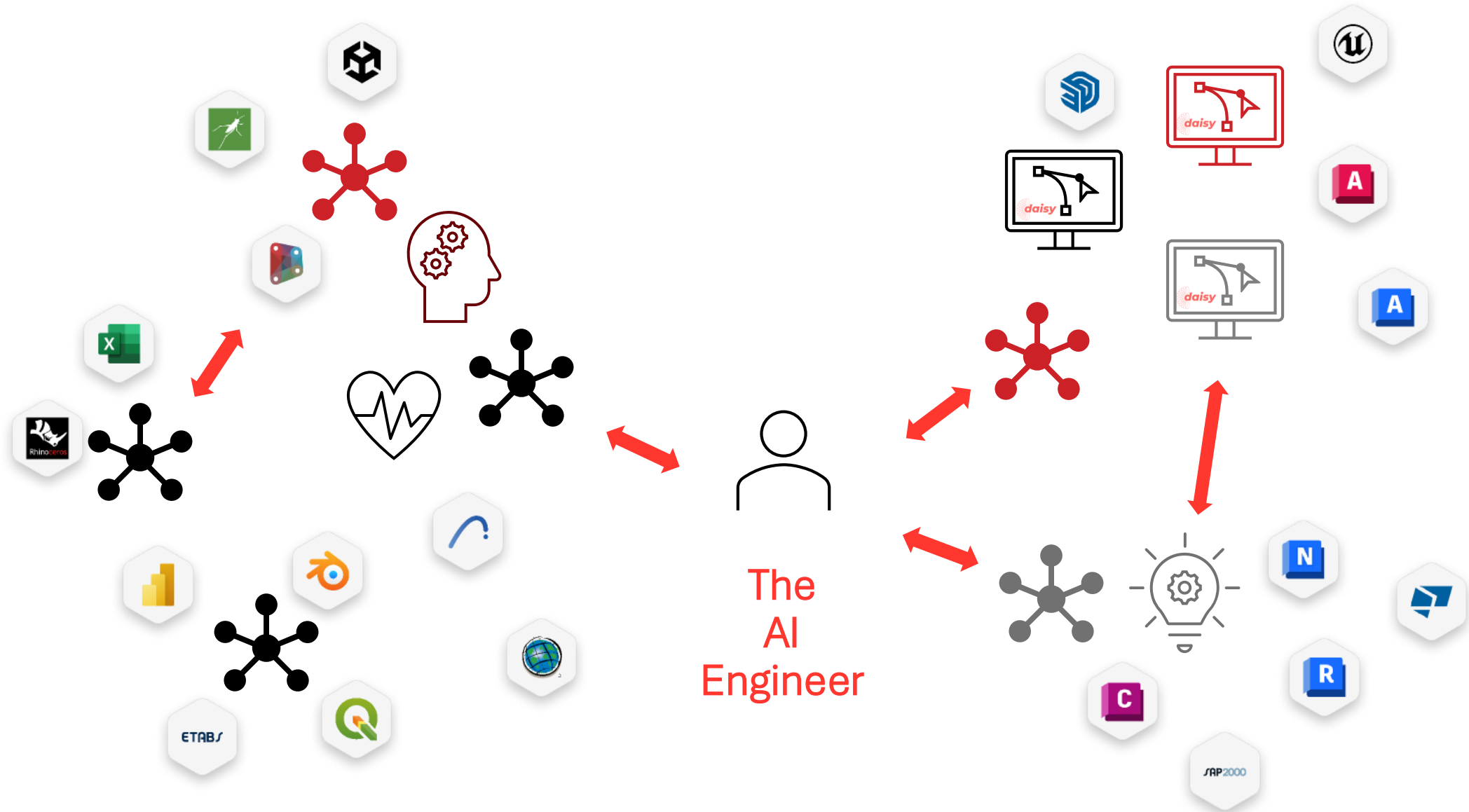


Digital Colleague



Digital Colleague

Digital Design Team





**HUMAN-CENTRED
EVIDENCE-BASED**

**AUGMENTED
INTELLIGENCE**

Diego Padilla-Philipps
Director, WSP

